

Johann Radon Institute for Computational and Applied Mathematics Austrian Academy of Sciences (ÖAW)



Group Seminar

Inverse Problems and Mathematical Imaging

Regularized reconstruction of the order in semilinear subdiffusion with memory

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Abstract

Abstract: In the last two decades, fractional partial differential equations play a key role in the description of the so-called anomalous phenomena. The signature of an anomalous diffusion is that the mean square displacement of the diffusing species $\langle (\Delta \mathbf{x})^2 \rangle$ scales as a nonlinear power low in time, i.e. $\langle (\Delta \mathbf{x})^2 \rangle \sim t^{\nu}$, $\nu > 0$. For a subdiffusive process, the value of ν is such that $0 < \nu < 1$, while for normal diffusion $\nu = 1$, and for a superdiffusive process, we have $\nu > 1$.

However, sometimes a value of the subdiffusion order is not given a priori. Here we discuss an approach to the reconstruction of a subdiffusion order ν from small time state measurements. To this end, analyzing an inverse problem for semilinear fractional partial differential equations with memory terms, we obtain the explicit formula reconstructing the order ν . The formula gives rise to a regularization algorithm for calculating ν from possibly noisy measurements. We present several numerical tests illustrating the algorithm when it is equipped with quasi-optimality criteria for choosing the regularization parameters.